

Data appendix

Data source: All data come from China City Statistical Yearbook 2004-2011

Quantitative variables:

1) Total industrial SO₂ emissions

Variable name: so2_emi

Missing observations: 22/2296

Description: Total emission of industrial sulfur dioxide (ton) of a city

Descriptive statistics:

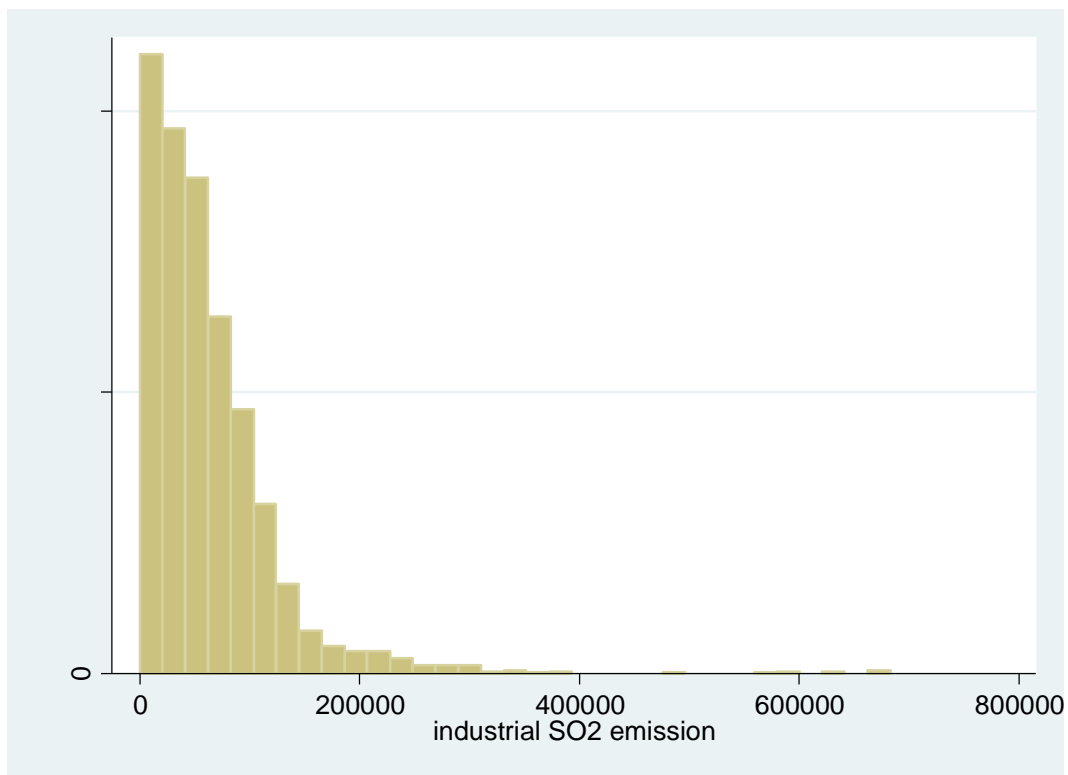
Mean: 63014.15

Median: 49708.50

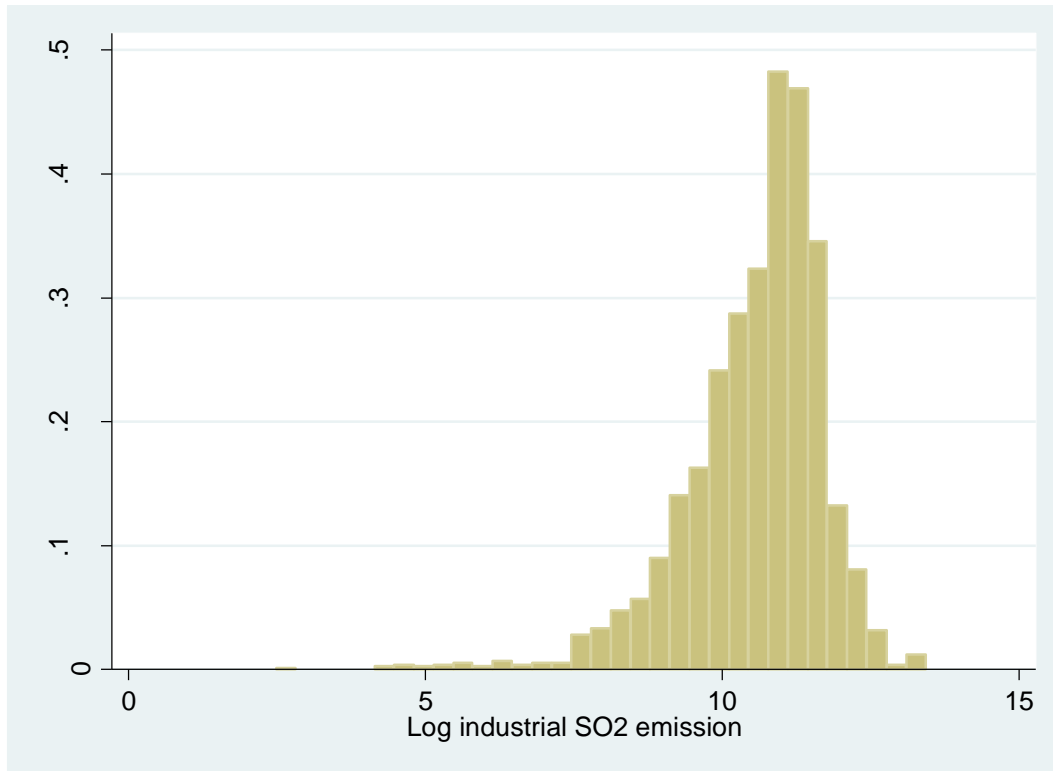
Standard deviation: 63692.45

Minimum: 12

Maximum: 683162



Histogram of log transformed form of the variable:



2) Share of total industrial output by Hong Kong, Macau, and Taiwan (HMT) firms

Variable name: ind_val_hmt_per

Missing observations: 152/2296

Description: Percentage (%) of combined industrial output by Hong Kong, Macau, and Taiwan (HMT) firms in total industrial output

Descriptive statistics:

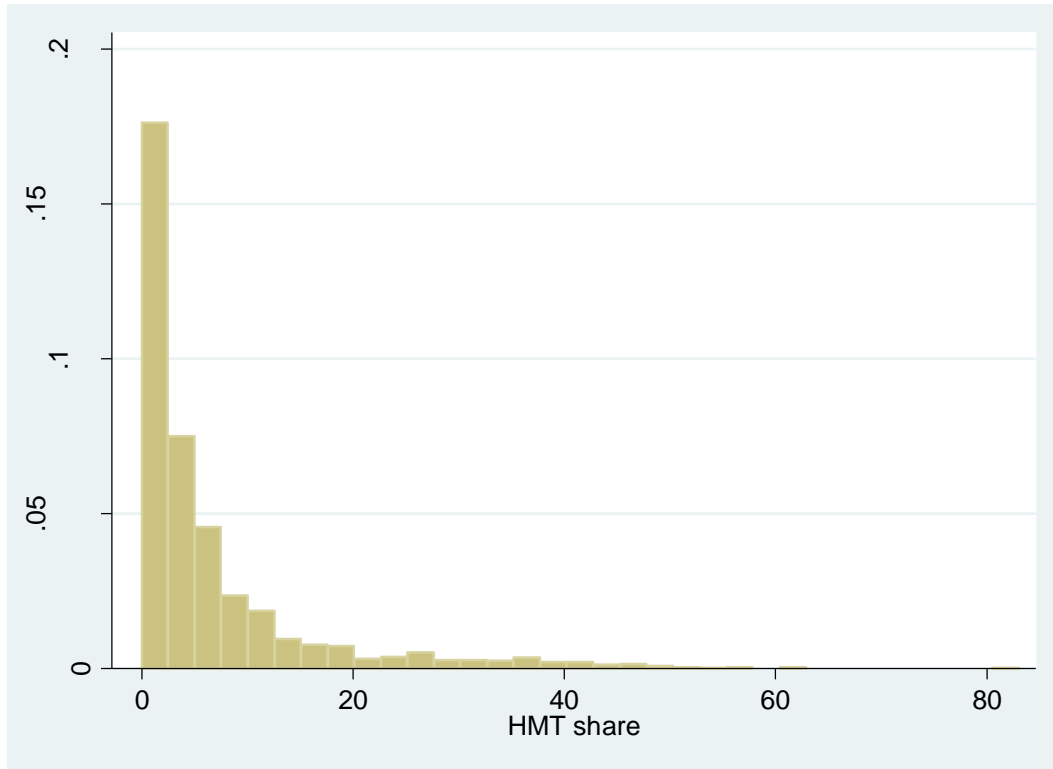
Mean: 6.77

Median: 3.09

Standard deviation: 9.61

Minimum: 0

Maximum: 83.02312



3) Share of total industrial output by foreign firms

Variable name: ind_val_fie_per

Missing observations: 123/2296

Description: Percentage (%) of industrial output by foreign (excluding HMT) firms out of total industrial output

Descriptive statistics:

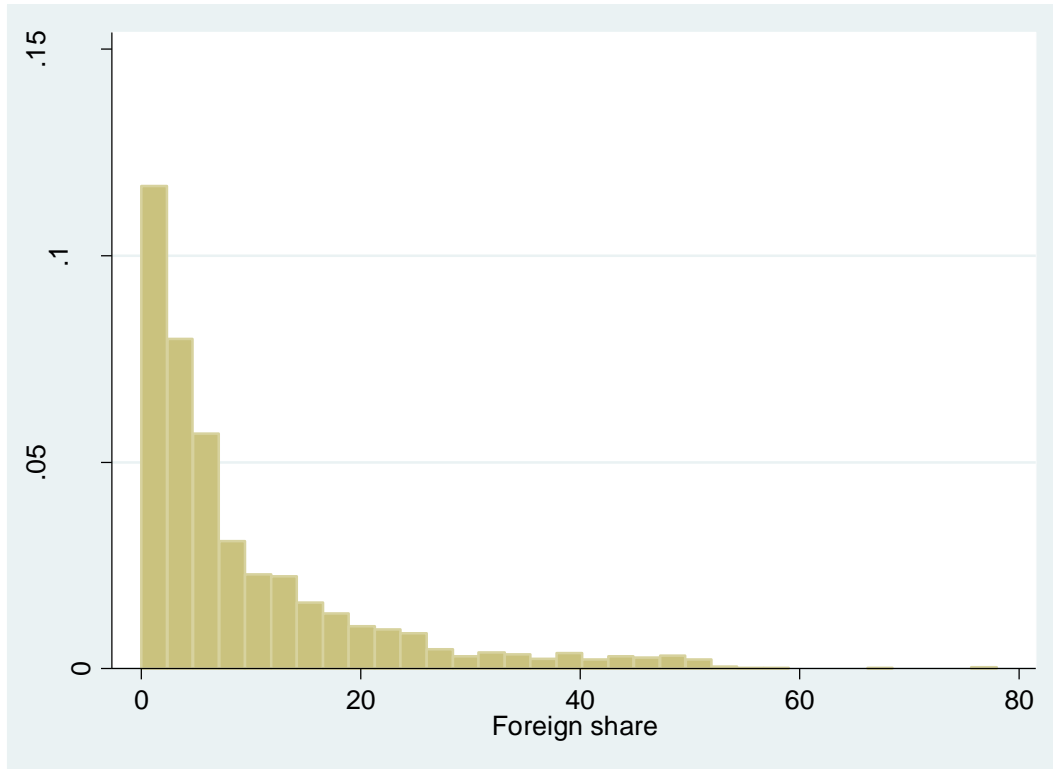
Mean: 9.52

Median: 5.29

Standard deviation: 11.11

Minimum: 0

Maximum: 77.99



4) Total industrial output

Variable name: ind_val_real

Missing observations: 13/2296

Description: Real value (10000 yuan) of total industrial output of a city, deflated to base year 2000

Descriptive statistics:

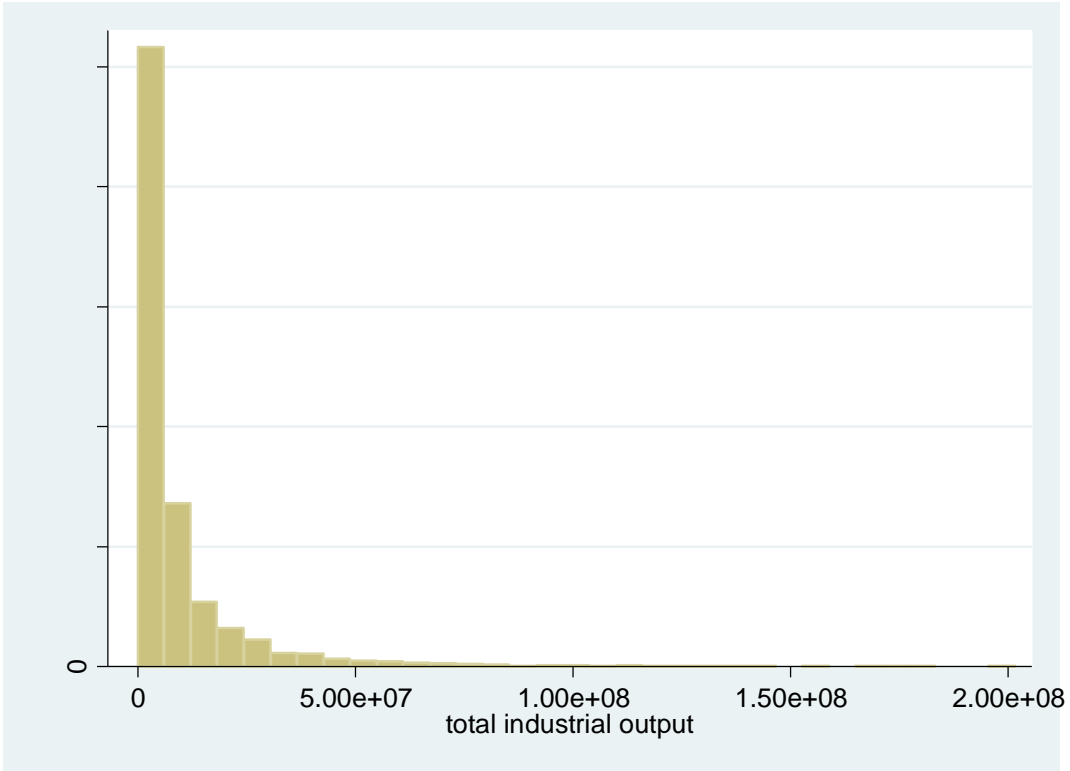
Mean: 9827116

Median: 4201077

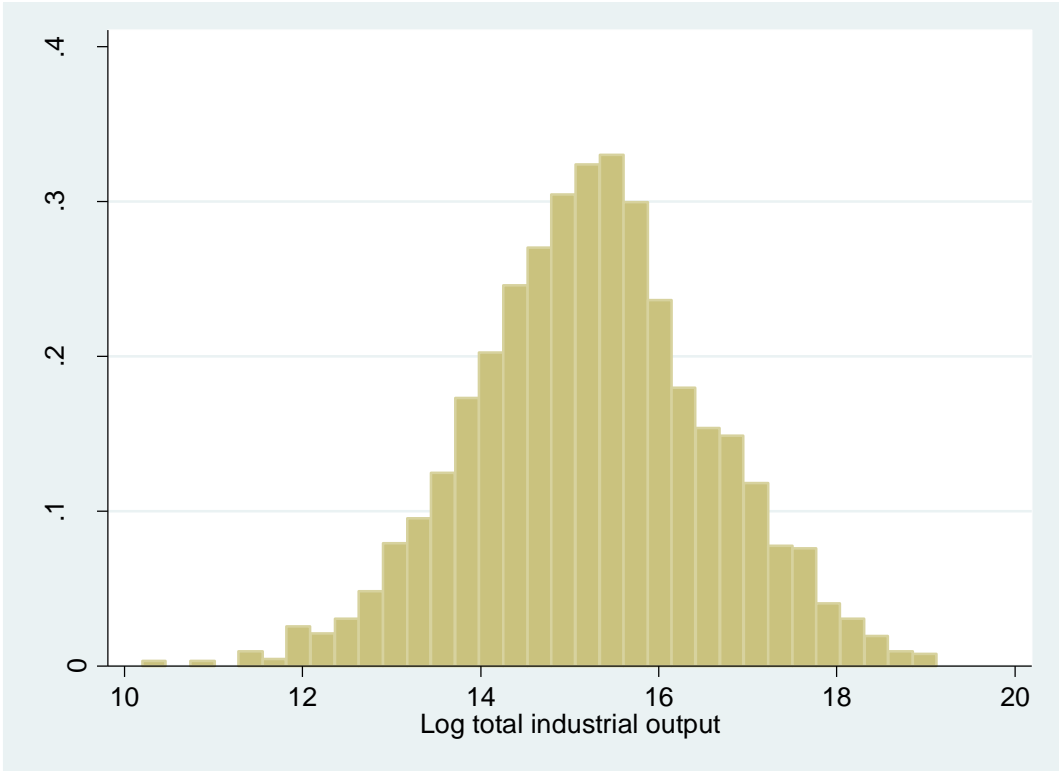
Standard deviation: 1.76e+07

Minimum: 26858.07

Maximum: 2.02e+08



Histogram of log transformed form of the variable:



5) Real GDP per capita

Variable name: gdp_pc_real

Missing observations: 16/2296

Description: Real GDP per capita (yuan), deflated to base year 2000

Descriptive statistics:

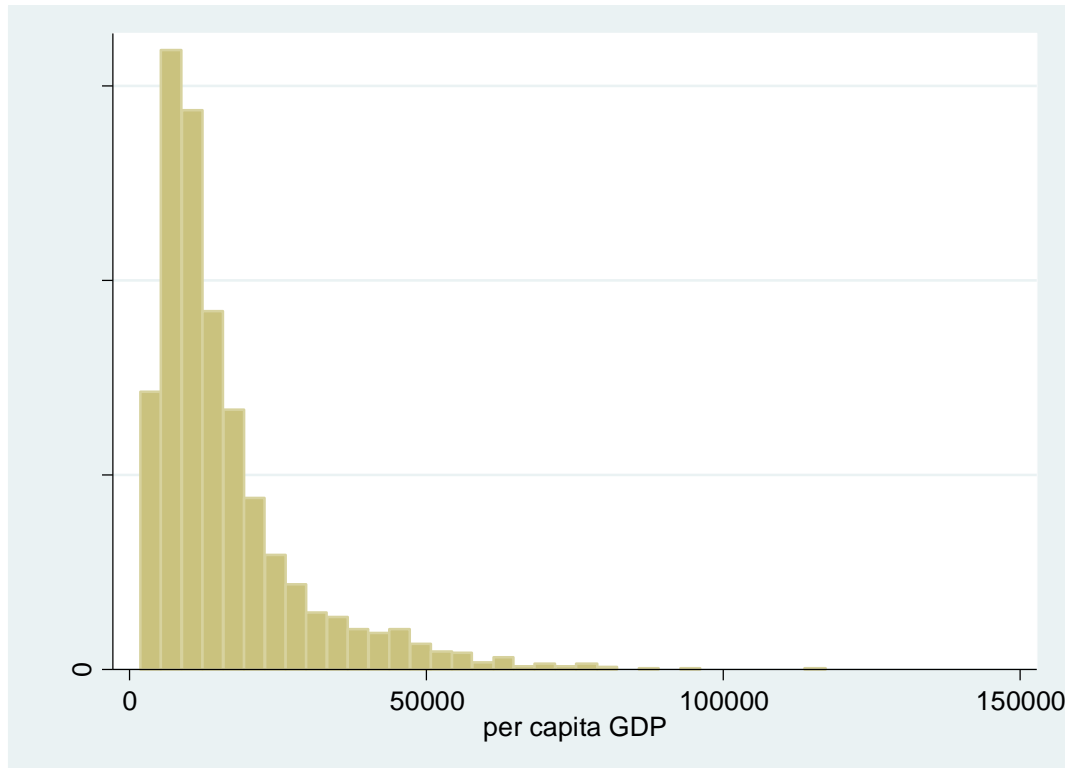
Mean: 16067.16

Median: 12960.78

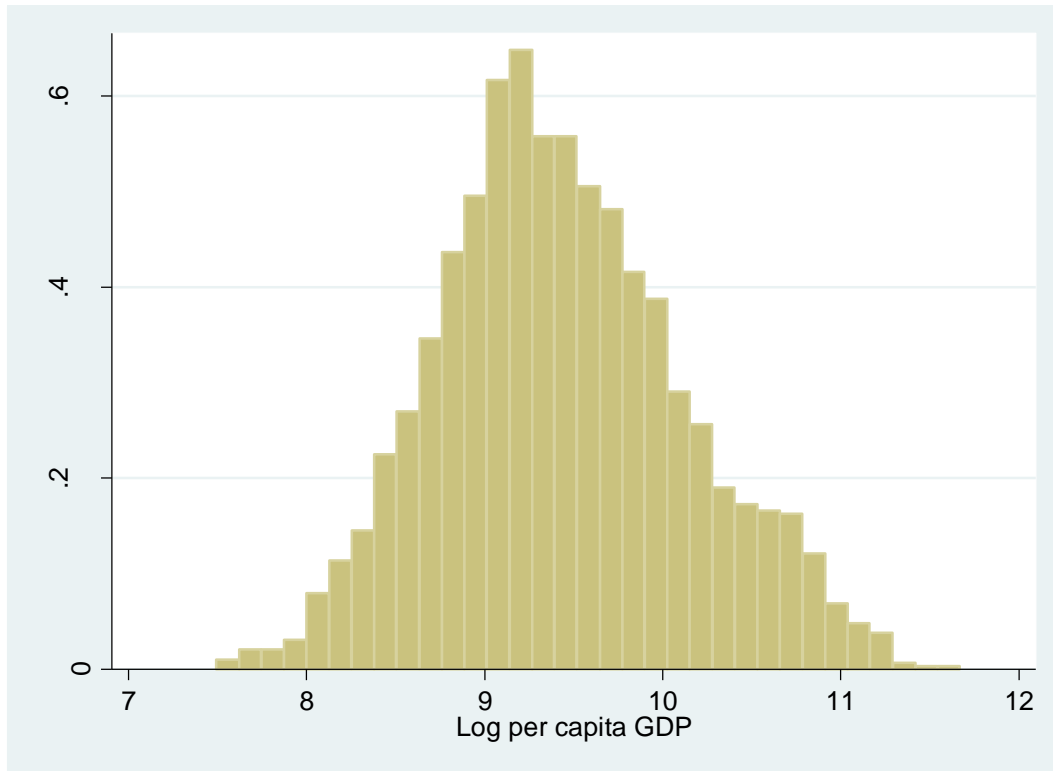
Standard deviation: 12962.27

Minimum: 1796.43

Maximum: 117250



Histogram of log transformed form of the variable:



6) Real GDP per capita square

Variable name: lngdp_pc_real_sq

Missing observations: 16/2296

Description: square of the log form of real GDP per capita

Descriptive statistics:

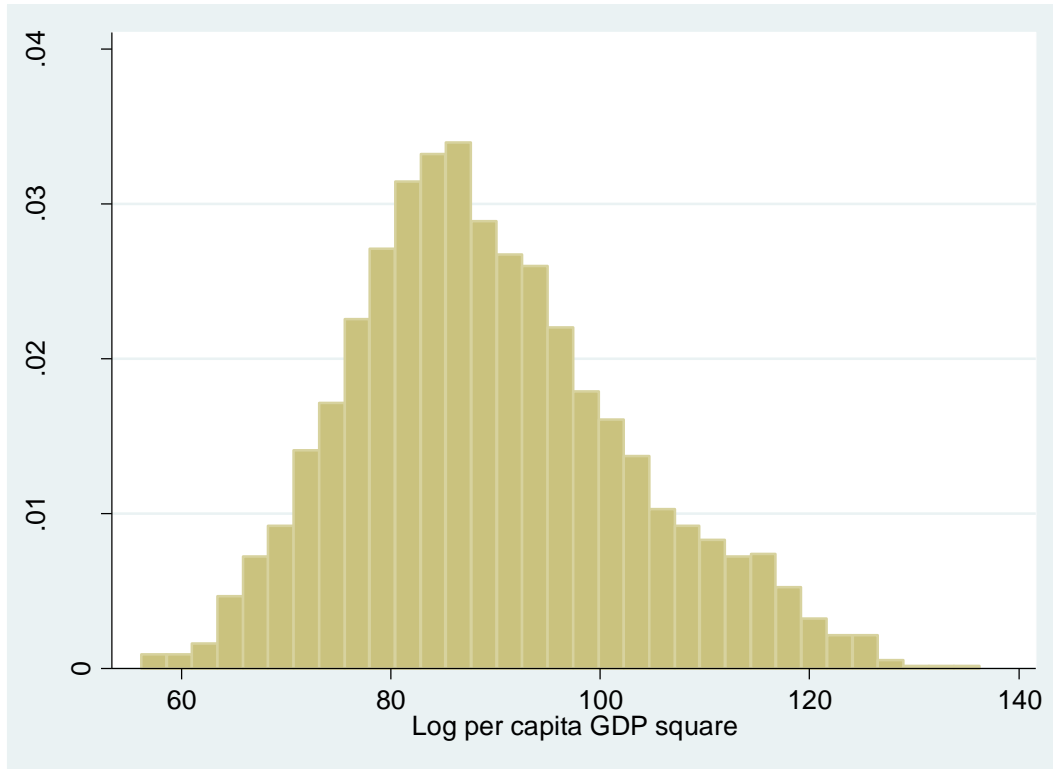
Mean: 89.48

Median: 87.95

Standard deviation: 13.22

Minimum: 56.15

Maximum: 136.2371



7) Capital to labor ratio

Variable name: kl_ratio_real

Missing observations: 39/2296

Description: Capital to labor ratio, measured by real net value of fixed asset (10000 yuan) per worker in industrial firms, deflated to base year 2000

Descriptive statistics:

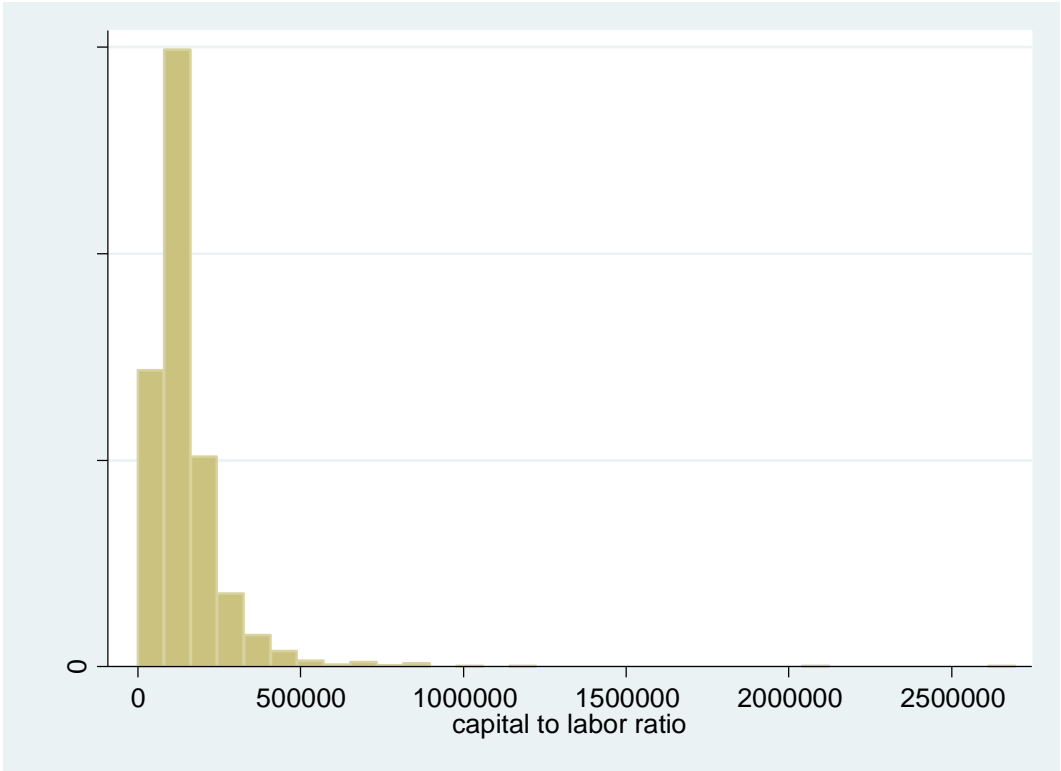
Mean: 147933.9

Median: 116045.6

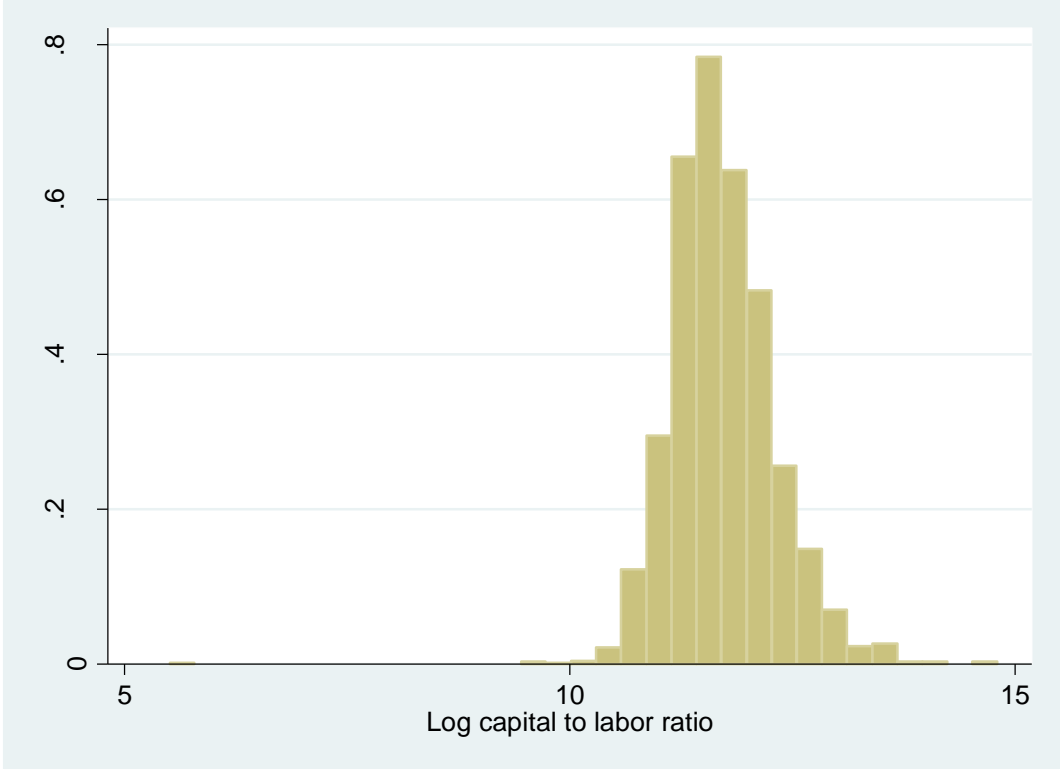
Standard deviation: 126907

Minimum: 246.18

Maximum: 2694106



Histogram of log transformed form of the variable:



8) Share of people employed in dirty sectors

Variable name: emp_dirty_per

Missing observations: 8/2296

Description: Percentage (%) of people employed in mining, manufacturing, and utilities out of total employment level

Descriptive statistics:

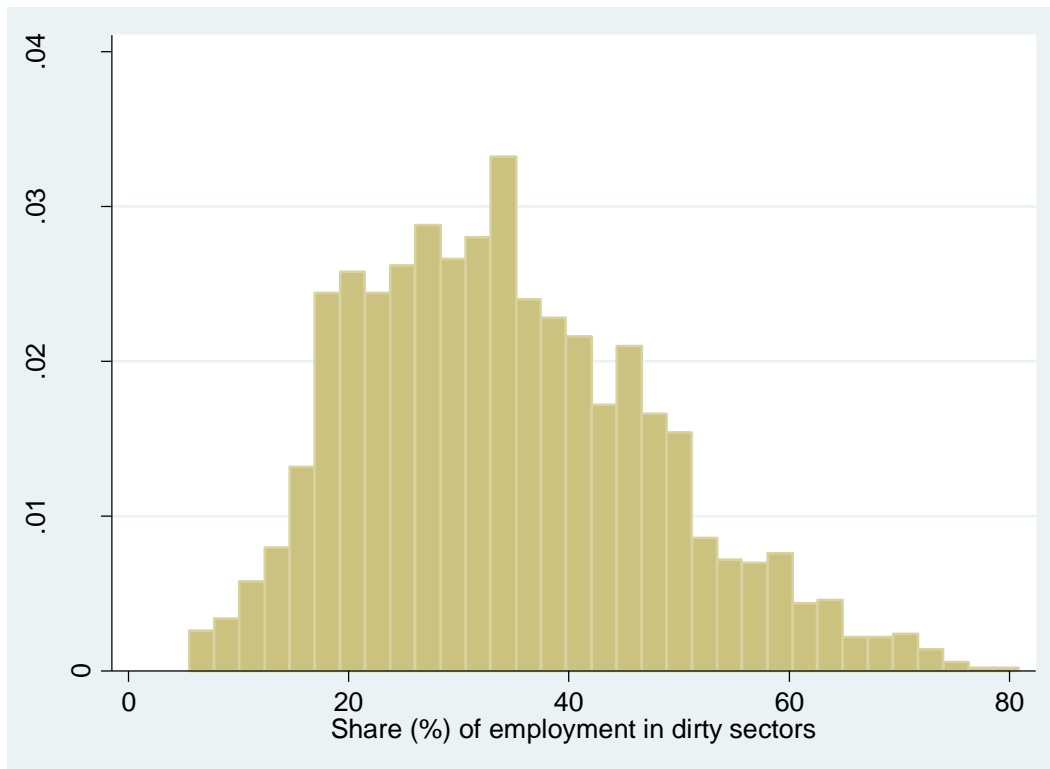
Mean: 34.2

Median: 33.0

Standard deviation: 13.50

Minimum: 5.50

Maximum: 80.86



Categorical variable:

1) Administrative level

Variable name: level

Missing observations: 0/2296

Description: administrative level of a city

Coding scheme: ordered categorical

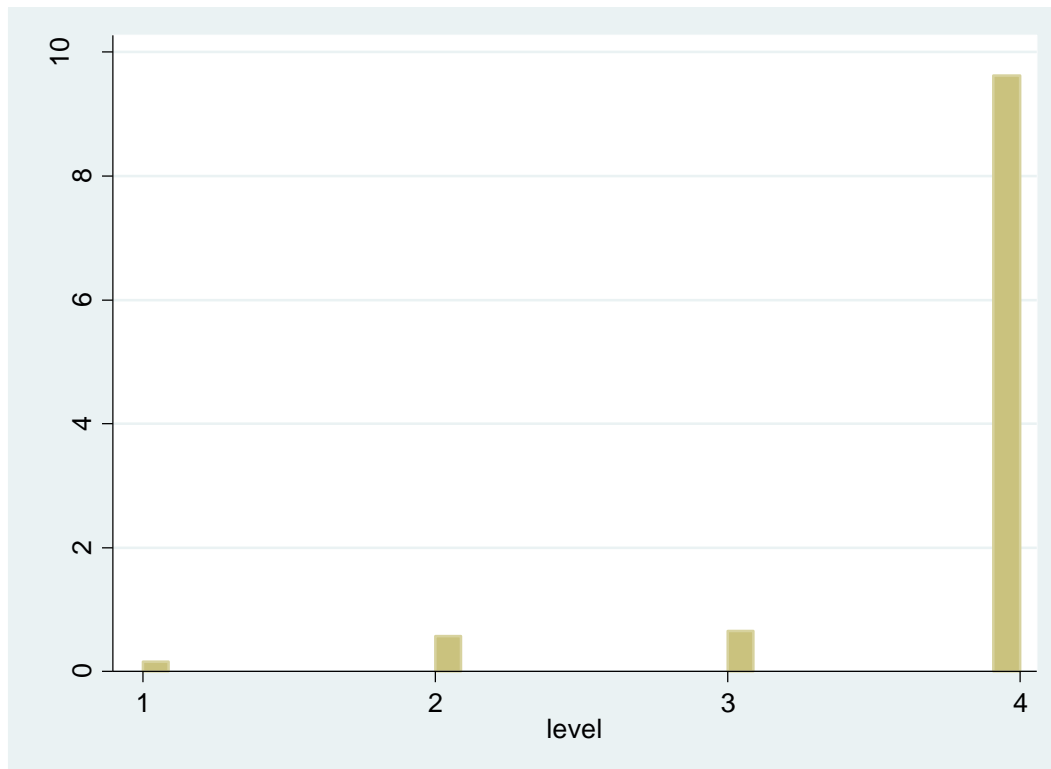
1: Municipalities

2: Sub-provincial-level cities

3: Other provincial and autonomous region capitals, all at prefecture-level

4: All other prefecture-level cities

level	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
1	32	1.39	1.39
2	120	5.23	6.62
3	136	5.92	12.54
4	2,008	87.46	100.00
Total	2,296	100.00	



2) Region

Variable name: region

Missing observations: 0/2296

Description: geographical region to which a city belongs

Coding scheme: unordered categorical

0: Southwest

1: North

2: East

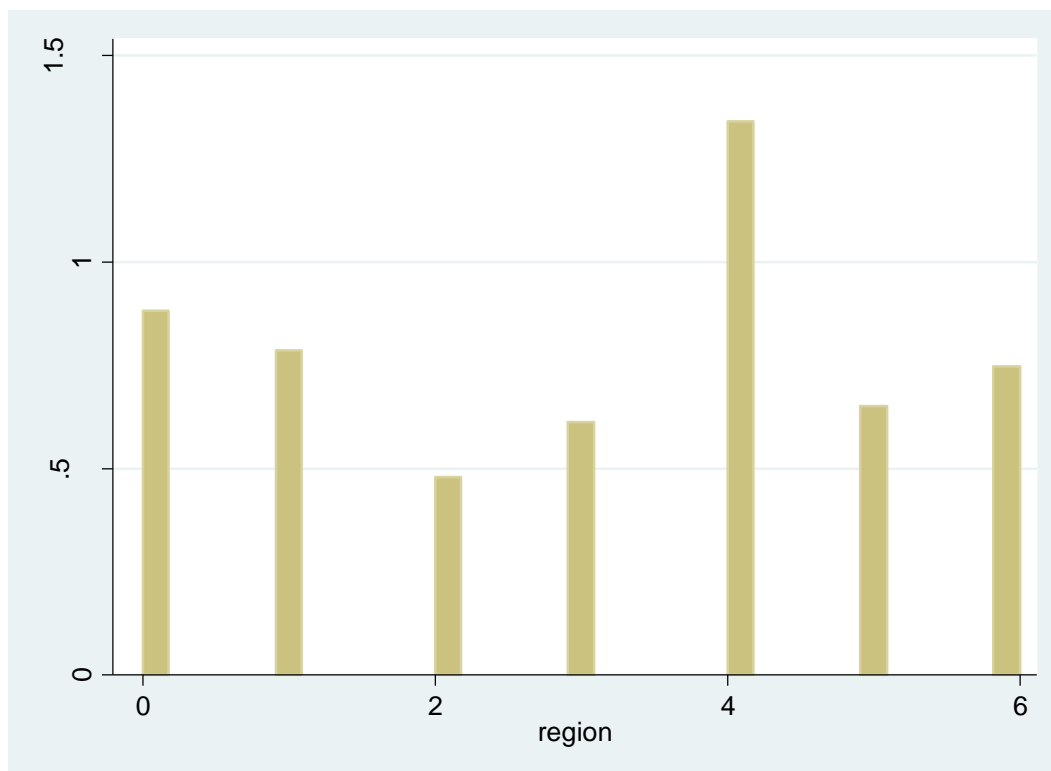
3: South

4: Central

5: Northeast

6: Northwest

region	Freq.	Percent	Cum.
0	368	16.03	16.03
1	328	14.29	30.31
2	200	8.71	39.02
3	256	11.15	50.17
4	560	24.39	74.56
5	272	11.85	86.41
6	312	13.59	100.00
Total	2,296	100.00	



Tests:

Breusch-Pagan test for regression a) confirms the existence of heteroskedasticity in regression a). I therefore ran regression a) with robust standard errors to reduce this problem.

Breusch-Pagan / Cook-Weisberg test for heteroskedasticity

Ho: Constant variance

Variables: fitted values of lnso2_emi

chi2(1) = 1179.26

Prob > chi2 = 0.0000

Breusch-Pagan test for regression b) shows that city administrative level dummy variables and regional dummy variables have introduced heteroskedasticity to regression b). I ran a Weighted Least Square regression to reduce this problem.

Breusch-Pagan / Cook-Weisberg test for heteroskedasticity

Ho: Constant variance

Variables: level1 level2 level3 level4 region1 region2 region3 region4
region5 region6 region7

chi2(9) = 1053.76

Prob > chi2 = 0.0000